UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 2

IN THE MATTER OF:

Cervecería India, Inc. Boulevard Alfonso Valdés Mayaguez, PR 00680 Administrative Complaint under Section 109 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. § 9609,

Respondent

Docket No.: CERCLA-02-2008-2015

ADMINISTRATIVE COMPLAINT

I. STATUTORY AUTHORITY

1. This Administrative Complaint ("Complaint") initiates an administrative action for the assessment of civil penalties pursuant to Section 109 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act ("CERCLA"). The Complainant in this action is the Director of the Emergency and Remedial Response Division of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2 ("EPA"), who has been delegated the authority to institute this action.

2. Section 109 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9609, provides for the assessment of penalties for violations of Section 103 of CERCLA.

3. Section 103(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9603(a), requires any person in charge of a vessel or offshore or an onshore facility, as soon as he or she has knowledge of a release (other than a federally permitted release) of a hazardous substance from such vessel or facility in a quantity equal to or greater than the reportable quantity, as designated pursuant to Section 102 of CERCLA, to "immediately notify" the National Response Center ("NRC") of such release.

II. FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

4. Respondent is, and at all times referred to herein, was, a "person," within the meaning of Section 101(21) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(21).

5. Respondent is the operator of a facility, located on Boulevard Alfonso Valdés, Mayaguez, Puerto Rico, 00680, ("the facility"), which is a "facility," as defined in Section 101(9) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(9).

6. Respondent was in charge of the facility at the time of the release described below.

7. The facility is a manufacturing facility. It is located adjacent to both densely populated residential and commercial areas. In addition, the facility is near the University of Puerto Rico, Mayaguez Campus.

8. Anhydrous ammonia is used in the refrigeration system at the facility.

9. Anhydrous ammonia is a "hazardous substance," as defined in Section 101(14) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(14).

10. As stated in the NRC Action Report on October 6, 2007, at 11:35 p.m., a "release" to the air, as defined in Section 101(22) of CERCLA, of anhydrous ammonia started at Respondent's facility. The release reportedly continued for approximately three and a half hours.

11. The reportable quantity for anhydrous ammonia is 100 pounds, as specified in 40 C.F.R. Sections 302.4 and 355.

12. Respondent's notification to the NRC specified that 1,000 pounds of anhydrous ammonia were released from Respondent's facility to the air during the October 6, 2007 release. A release of anhydrous ammonia greater than 1,000 pounds is greater than ten times the reportable quantity for ammonia.

13. However, during an EPA inspection on December 4, 2007, the Respondent clarified to EPA representatives that the amount of anhydrous ammonia released was 18,074 pounds.

14. According to information obtained by EPA, as a result of this release, employees of the facility and people in the nearby community were evacuated. It is estimated that one employee and 32 residents were affected and required medical attention and/or hospitalization.

15. On December 17, 2007, Respondent provided a letter to EPA with the timelines for release notification. In that letter, the Respondent claims that the Puerto Rico Environmental Quality Board (PREQB) notified the NRC of the release at 3:00 a.m., October 7, 2007. Further investigation by EPA showed no notification of the NRC by PREQB, nor were they required to do so under Section 103(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9603(a).

16. According to the NRC Action Report, at 10:19 p.m., on October 7, 2007, and approximately twenty three hours after the release, the Respondent notified the NRC of the October 6, 2007 release of ammonia from the facility.

<u>COUNT 1</u>

17. Paragraphs "1" through "16" are incorporated herein by reference.

18. Respondent failed to immediately notify the NRC of the October 6, 2007 release of ammonia from the facility.

19. The October 6, 2007 release of ammonia from the facility was not a federally permitted release, as defined in Section 101(10) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(10).

20. Respondent violated the notification requirements of Section 103(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9603(a), and is therefore subject to the assessment of penalties under Section 109 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9609.

III. NOTICE OF PROPOSED ORDER ASSESSING A CIVIL PENALTY

Pursuant to Section 109 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9609, as modified pursuant to the Civil Monetary Penalty Inflation Adjustment Rule, as mandated by the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 and as codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 19, EPA is authorized to assess civil penalties not to exceed \$32,500 per day for each violation of Section 103(a) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9603(a) that occurred after March 15, 2004.

On the basis of the violations of CERCLA § 103 described above, Complainant has determined that Respondent is subject to penalties under CERCLA Section 109, 42 U.S.C. § 9609. Accordingly, Complainant proposes a civil penalty of \$32,500 for the CERCLA violation described above, pursuant to the authority of Section 109 of CERCLA, as set forth below.

Count I: Failure of Respondent to immediately notify the NRC of the October 6, 2007 release of ammonia: \$32,500.00

TOTAL PENALTY PROPOSED:

\$32,500.00

In calculating the CERCLA penalty, Complainant considered the nature, circumstances, extent and gravity of the violations, and with respect to the Respondent, ability to pay, prior history of violations, degree of culpability, economic benefit or savings resulting from the violations, and such other matters as justice may require.

The proposed civil penalties in this matter have been determined in accordance with EPA's "Enforcement Response Policy for Sections 304, 311 and 312 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act and Section 103 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act" (September 30, 1999) as modified pursuant to the June 5, 2006 memorandum from Stephanie Brown, Acting Director, Toxics and Pesticides Enforcement Division, Office of Civil Enforcement. Attached to this Complaint as Attachment 1 are Penalty Calculation Worksheets which show how the proposed penalty was calculated.

IV. PROCEDURES GOVERNING THIS ADMINISTRATIVE LITIGATION

The rules of procedure governing this civil administrative litigation are entitled, "CONSOLIDATED RULES OF PRACTICE GOVERNING THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSESSMENT OF CIVIL PENALTIES AND THE REVOCATION/TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF PERMITS" (hereinafter, the "Consolidated Rules"), and are codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 22. A copy of the Consolidated Rules accompanies this Complaint.

A. Notice of Opportunity to Request a Hearing and Answer the Complaint

To request a hearing, Respondent must file an Answer to the Complaint, pursuant to 40 C.F.R. \S 22.15(a) - 22.15(c). Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. \S 22.15(a), such Answer must be filed within 30 days after service of the Complaint.

An Answer is also to be filed, pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(a), if Respondent contests any material fact upon which the Complaint is based, contends that the proposed penalty is inappropriate, or contends that Respondent is entitled to judgment as a matter of law, Respondent must file with the Regional Hearing Clerk of EPA, Region 2, both an original and one copy of a written answer to the Complaint. The address of the Regional Hearing Clerk of EPA, Region 2, is:

Regional Hearing Clerk U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2 290 Broadway, 16th floor New York, New York 10007-1866

Respondent shall also serve one copy of the Answer to the Complaint upon Complainant and any other party to the action, 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(a). Complainant's copy of Respondent's Answer, as well as a copy of all other documents that Respondent files in this action, shall be sent to:

Carolina Jordán García, Esq. Office of Regional Counsel U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2 1492 Ponce de León Ave., Suite 417 San Juan, Puerto Rico 00907-4127 Telephone: (787) 977-5834 Fax: (787) 729-7748

Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(b), Respondent's Answer to the Complaint must clearly and directly admit, deny, or explain each of the factual allegations contained in the Complaint with regard to which Respondent has any knowledge. Where Respondent lacks knowledge of a particular factual allegation and so states in its Answer, the allegation is deemed denied, pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(b). The Answer shall also set forth: (1) the circumstances or arguments that are alleged to constitute the grounds of defense, (2) the facts that Respondent disputes (and thus intends to place at issue in the proceeding) and (3) whether Respondent requests a hearing.

If Respondent fails in its Answer to admit, deny, or explain any material factual allegation contained in the Complaint, such failure constitutes an admission of the allegation, pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(d).

Respondent's failure to affirmatively raise in the Answer facts that constitute or that might constitute the grounds of its defense may preclude Respondent, at a subsequent stage in this proceeding, from raising such facts and/or from having such facts admitted into evidence at a hearing.

Any hearing in this proceeding will be held at a location determined in accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 22.21(d). A hearing of this matter will be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. §§ 551-59, and the procedures set forth in Subpart D of 40 C.F.R. Part 22.

B. Failure To Answer

If Respondent fails to file a timely answer to the Complaint, EPA may file a Motion for Default pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.17(a) and (b), which may result in the issuance of a default order assessing the proposed penalty pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.17(c). If a default order is issued, any penalty assessed in the default order shall become due and payable by Respondent without further proceedings 30 days after the default order becomes final. If necessary, EPA may then seek to enforce such final order of default against Respondent, and to collect the assessed penalty amount, in federal court.

V. INFORMAL SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE

Whether or not Respondent requests a formal hearing, EPA encourages settlement of this proceeding consistent with the provisions and objectives of CERCLA and its applicable regulations, 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b). At an informal conference with a representative(s) of Complainant, Respondent may comment on the charges made in this Complaint, and Respondent may also provide whatever additional information that it believes is relevant to the disposition of this matter, including: (1) actions Respondent has taken to correct any or all of the violations herein alleged, (2) any information relevant to Complainant's calculation of the proposed penalty, (3) the effect the proposed penalty would have on Respondent wishes to raise. Complainant has the authority to modify the amount of the proposed penalty, where appropriate, to reflect any settlement agreement reached with Respondent, to reflect any relevant information previously not known to Complainant or to dismiss any or all of the charges, if Respondent can demonstrate that the relevant allegations are without merit and that no cause of action as herein alleged exists.

Any request for an informal conference or any questions that Respondent may have regarding this Complaint should be directed to the EPA Assistant Regional Counsel identified in Section IV.A., above.

Respondent's request for a formal hearing does not prevent it from also requesting an informal settlement conference; the informal conference procedure may be pursued simultaneously with the formal adjudicatory hearing procedure. A request for an informal settlement conference constitutes neither an admission nor a denial of any of the matters alleged in the Complaint. Complainant does not deem a request for an informal settlement conference as a request for a hearing pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c).

A request for an informal settlement conference does not affect Respondent's obligation to file a timely Answer to the Complaint pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.15. No penalty reduction will be made simply because an informal settlement conference is held.

In the event settlement is reached, its terms shall be recorded in a written Consent Agreement signed by the parties and incorporated into a Final Order, pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.18(b)(2) and(3).

Respondent's entering into a settlement through the signing of such Consent Agreement and its complying with the terms and conditions set forth in such Consent Agreement terminate this administrative litigation and the civil proceedings arising out of the allegations made in this Complaint. Respondent's entering into a settlement does not extinguish, waive, satisfy or otherwise affect its obligation and responsibility to comply with all applicable statutory and regulatory requirements, and to maintain such compliance.

VI. RESOLUTION OF THIS PROCEEDING WITHOUT HEARING OR CONFERENCE

Instead of filing an Answer, Respondent may choose to pay the total amount of the proposed penalty within 30 days after receipt of the Complaint, provided that Respondent files with the Regional Hearing Clerk, Region 2 (at the address provided in Section IV.A., above), a copy of the check or other instrument of payment, as provided in 40 C.F.R.§ 22.18(a). A copy of the check or other instrument of payment should be provided to the EPA Assistant Regional Counsel identified in Section IV.A., above. Payment of the penalty assessed should be made by sending a cashier's or certified check payable to the "Treasurer, United States of America," in the full amount of the penalty assessed in this Complaint to the following address:

Karen Maples Regional Hearing Clerk U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 2 P.O. Box 360188M Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15251

The check must be identified with a notation of the name and docket number of this case, set forth in the caption on the first page of this Complaint. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R.§ 22.18(a)(3), upon EPA's receipt of such payment, a Final Order shall be issued, which would terminate this administrative litigation and the civil proceedings arising out of the allegations made in this Complaint. Furthermore, as provided in 40 C.F.R.§ 22.18(a)(3), the making of such payment by Respondent shall constitute a waiver of Respondent's right both to contest the allegations made in the Complaint and to appeal said Final Order to federal court. Such payment does not

extinguish, waive, satisfy or otherwise affect Respondent's obligation and responsibility to comply with all applicable regulations and requirements, and to maintain such compliance.

VII. RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

EPA reserves all rights against Respondent, including but not limited to, the right to expend and recover funds under CERCLA; to bring enforcement actions seeking injunctive relief under Section 106 of CERCLA and/or other statutes; to address releases including those identified in this Complaint; and to require further action as necessary to respond to the release addressed in this notice. EPA also reserves all of its rights to obtain access to the facility and require Respondent's submission of information to EPA.

Dated: June 13, 2008

George Pavlou, Acting Division Director Emergency and Remedial Response Division U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 2 290 Broadway New York, NY 10007-1866

TO: Cervecería India, Inc. PO Box 195522 San Juan, PR 00919-5522 Attn: Camalia Valdés, President

Attachment

cc: Karen Maples, Region 2 Hearing Clerk